

LAST EDITION.

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THE POST-DISPATCH.

VOL. 48, NO. 99.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

MONDAY EVENING—ST. LOUIS—NOVEMBER 16, 1896.

LAST EDITION.

THE WANT MEDIUM
Of St. Louis is
The Post-Dispatch—
THE PEOPLE'S PAPER.

PRICE IN ST. LOUIS, ONE CENT.
OUTSIDE ST. LOUIS, TWO CENTS.

Do Your Shopping This Week With Post-Dispatch Advertisers.

FOR MURDERING WIFE AND CHILD.

ROBERT W. YOUNG IS IN THE
HILLSBORO JAIL.

THE BODIES WERE BURNED.

Charged With a Crime Mysterious as
the Stillwell Tragedy and Brutal
as Duesett's.

Ex-Gov. Charles P. Johnson was retained Monday as counsel for the defendant in a murder case at Hillsboro, Ill., that is as sensational as the Stillwell tragedy at Hannibal.

Hillsboro has a population of 800, is the capital of Montgomery County, and is located on the Big Four Railroad, sixty-six miles northeast of St. Louis.

Last Thursday the Grand Jury returned an indictment for murder against Robert W. Young, a prominent and prosperous farmer and business man.

Young is 38 years old, and lives near Donnellson (Ill.), a small village of about 500

surprise in the community, as nearly every one there, except Young's relatives, seems to think him guilty. Many marvel, however, that he should have committed such an atrocious crime. The older residents have known him from boyhood, and had always regarded him as an exemplary citizen. He never used liquor or tobacco, and was never heard to utter an oath.

As a youth he was fond of the society of women and according to those who claim to know him best, the improper indulgence of this fondness put him in his present predicament.

Young received a good education and when 20 years old married Hattie Price, the 18-year-old daughter of a prosperous farmer in the neighborhood. The young couple had grown up together and as they seemed devotedly attached to each other, every one prophesied for them a happy future. About a year after their marriage a son was born whom they named Isaac. One day about six months later, Mrs. Young was suddenly stricken unconscious while in bed. Two days later she died without regaining consciousness. The attending physician gave it out that she died of spinal meningitis. Since the recent tragedy there are many who hint that the doctor's diagnosis was not correct.

Be that as it may no suspicion attached to Young at the time. He appeared to mourn sincerely for his wife, but in about a year he married Sarah H. Nichols, the daughter of a well-to-do farmer at Coffeen, Ill., four miles from the Young homestead. As before he chose a girl whom he had

nie White, the 15-year-old daughter of a neighboring farmer.

It was not long before Mr. Young's wife claimed that she had discovered enough to warrant her charging her husband with being altogether too familiar with the new servant, and demanded the latter's instant dismissal.

Young refused to let the girl go, and despite his wife's tearful protestations, she remained.

All this time the Youngs had kept their grievances to themselves, and as far as the outside world was concerned, they were leading a happy life.

Besides managing his large farm, Young also conducted a livery stable in Donnellson. He spent a good deal of his time at the latter place, and during his absence his wife and the White woman had many a wordy war. The servant refused to leave, seeming to feel sure of the protection of Young.

Mrs. Young's jealousy steadily increased. She obtained that each day her husband's attention toward the girl grew more marked. At last she informed her husband that if he did not at once dismiss the servant she would leave him. This threat did not seem to move him. He said the girl should remain. This was about the first of last January.

Mrs. Young took two of her children and went to the house of her parents.

For the first time she told her mother what her married life had been. Her family advised her to forsake Young forever and make her home again with them. The same day her brother returned with her to her husband's home to collect her personal effects.

Young promised to do better, and persuaded her to remain. He promised to discharge the White girl as soon as he could find another servant.

This he failed to do, and, according to his wife, his intimacy with the servant was more apparent than ever.

Mrs. Young again took refuge beneath her father's roof. This was about the middle of April.

She remained away from her husband about two months, during which time it is said her husband sent her no word, neither did he make any attempt to see her. Anna White remained as his housekeeper.

About the middle of June her love for her husband and children and the desire to see them again grew so strong that, acting against the advice and wishes of her family, Mrs. Young returned to the home she had forsaken. Her husband was absent. She had a talk with the White girl which resulted in the latter taking leave of the premises at once and going to her home.

When Young came home that evening he and his wife became reconciled.

It is claimed that while Young treated his wife kindly and was apparently affectionate toward her, there is abundant proof that he visited Anna White on numerous occasions after she left his house.

Apparently everything went on smoothly between Young and his wife up to the time of the tragedy.

About 10 o'clock p. m. July 3 flames burst from the roof and windows of the Young home. The neighbors hastened to the rescue. The first to arrive on the scene were Marion Evans, George Hittle, Frank Goddard and a man named McKenzie. They claim that when they arrived they found Young standing in the road in front of his house surrounded by four of his children. He was greatly excited and was making no effort to extinguish the fire. It was plain that nothing could be done to save the property.

Young said his wife and daughter were still in the blazing structure.

The men rushed toward the burning house in an effort to make an effort to save the imprisoned inmates. They claim that Young cried to them to keep away from the fire, saying that it was too late to render aid and warned them that they would only get burned themselves for their pains. The men did not heed his warning, but, setting a long beam, burst in the window of Mrs. Young's room and found her and her daughter.

CONTINUED ON SECOND PAGE.

THE YOUNG CHILDREN.



The Third One to the Right Was Murdered With Her Mother.

Inhabitants, ten miles south of Hillsboro, on the Clover Leaf road. His father, Squire William J. Young, has lived in that locality more than half a century and was one of the early settlers of the county.

The indictment charges Young with the

known from childhood, she and his first wife having been playmates.

His second wife presented him with seven children—all daughters, four of whom, as well as his son by his first wife, are living. During the first seven or eight years of their married life everything seemed to go on smoothly. Then Mrs. Young grew jealous. She claimed that her husband showed too much attention to other women and especially to his servants.

He denied that there was any foundation for her accusation, but she peremptorily dismissed the servant in question and engaged another. In a short time the wife found the same fault with the new servant and she was also discharged and another installed.

This performance was repeated from time to time. The Youngs could not keep a female servant more than a few weeks. Mrs. Young charged her husband with paying too much attention to them.

About two years ago they employed An-

Another big deal in St. Louis real estate was closed Monday morning, involving the transfer of what is undoubtedly the most important unimproved corner in the city.

Although the amount involved is less than that which passed on the Laclede building site, purchased on Saturday by Mr. James T. Drummond, the ultimate benefit of the present deal to the city will be greater, as it involves the erection of another fine mercantile building.

The property involved in the transfer is the northeast corner of Twelfth and Olive streets.

For a consideration of \$300,000 it passes from the Turner Real Estate Company to W. W. Culver, President of the Wrought Iron Range Company of this city.

The deal was engineered by Festus J. Wade of the Anderson-Wade Realty Co. The purchase price is in itself an indication of the marked enhancement of value on both Olive and Twelfth streets which has taken place in a few years. Mr. Culver paid \$2,000 per front foot for his corner. The opposite corner, occupied by the Missouri Glass Co.'s building, sold in 1891 for \$2,000 per foot.

The sale is also remarkable in that it combined with the Laclede building site which amounted to \$260,000, foots up more in the aggregate for two days' sales than the entire transactions of the local market for the past sixty days. No other argument on the return of business activity is needed.

Mr. Culver, who is one of St. Louis' wealthiest men, intends to make a handsome improvement on the property.

He will at once have his architect draw plans for a seven or eight-story modern retail business house of an ornamental and yet utilitarian character. He already has

AN AWFUL DOSE.

A Cornell Freshman From St. Louis
Made to Drink It and Another
St. Louisian Was Expelled.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.
ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 15.—A number of St. Louis students at Cornell University engaged with their fellows in a rash Saturday night which resulted in one of their number, H. W. Hodges, a sophomore of St. Louis, being expelled on complaint of J. E. Peris, a freshman from the same city. The youths were close friends until the hazing.

Ferris was made to drink a mixture of castor oil, cod liver oil, milk and kerosene. He was branded as follows: "O. O. has been milked." This was written on all the walks about the campus. President Schurman is investigating the hazing.

This is the first outbreak since the death of a negro woman occurred in 1894 as a result of freshmen trying to drive the sophomores from their banquet board by means of chloroform. The gas suffocated the woman and she died. No one was punished.

The Rev. Dr. Holland Recovering.
The Rev. Dr. Holland of St. George's Church, who has been confined for some months with a serious illness, is rapidly regaining health. He appeared Sunday morning in his channel and addressed his congregation.

Continued on Second Page.



MRS. SARAH NICHOLS YOUNG.
(Wife No. 1)

ANOTHER BIG REALTY SALE.

CORNER OF TWELFTH AND OLIVE
SOLD FOR \$300,000.

W. W. CULVER THE PURCHASER.

He Will Erect Thereon at Once a
Handsome Eight-Story Retail
Business House.

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take the building when completed, and will have no difficulty in getting a tenant. Between \$100,000 and \$150,000 will be expended on the building, according to its height.

No downtown property in the city is attracting so much attention from investors as that on Twelfth street and on Olive street. The belief, backed up by strong arguments, is that these streets, and particularly Twelfth street, will ultimately be the leading retail thoroughfares of the city. The present sale is significant, showing as it does, that this opinion is not confined to real estate dealers alone, but is shared in by long-headed investors of Mr. Culver's stamp.

Insanity Plea Withdrawn and a Regular Trial to Be Had.

AUSTIN, Tex., Nov. 15.—Eugene Burt, under charge of murdering his wife and two infant children in this city last July, will have his trial Wednesday morning on the charge of murder. It was intended under a plea of insanity to have a preliminary trial this morning to inquire into the sanity of the defendant. But the defense attorneys withdrew all claims of insanity and asked that the regular course of procedure should be had, which will be done Wednesday.

THE WEATHER FOR TO-DAY.

The Weather Bureau forecasts are as follows:

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High pressure in the East and South prevented the low area in the Northwest moving eastward, and it remains over the Dakotas and Minnesota.

In the extreme Northwest the pressure is rapidly falling, and there has been a decrease in the temperature, a minimum of 30 degrees below zero being reported Tuesday. Elsewhere in the center fair and has continued with cloudy weather, but no rain in the central valley.

In this vicinity the pressure will be

PRISONER SHOT.

A Negro in Jail in Virginia Slightly
Wounded in an Attempt to
Lynch Him.

FARMVILLE, Va., Nov. 15.—Between 11 and 1 o'clock last night a lynching party visited the jail at Prince Edward County, Va., and attempted to take the life of Eliza Johnson, colored, awaiting trial for an assault and highway robbery alleged to have been committed by Johnson Tuesday night upon a white man named "Wax" Price. There were in the party a half dozen determined men, one of whom climbed the high surrounding wall and unhooked the gate admitted the others. The prisoner was confined in a lower cell and when asked through the window to open the door, he refused to do so. The would-be lynchers immediately opened fire upon the prisoner, who was lying upon his couch paralyzed from fright. He could not be seen well through the window and cell bars and only one load of shot from the volley fired at him took effect. His wounds are not serious.

Price near Price's Depot, in this county, and struck him on the head and robbed him. Price's injuries are not serious and there is much surprise that an attempt at lynching was made.

BURT MURDER CASE.

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NEWS OF BATTLE.

Cipher Dispatches Say That Weyler and Maceo Are Fighting in Pinar del Rio.

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Cipher dispatches just received report a fierce battle in progress in Pinar del Rio. It is believed that Maceo and Weyler have met. The reports of fire have been almost incessantly heard for several hours. No details of the engagement are given other than the statement that a decisive engagement is being waged. The last dispatch news of Captain-General Weyler is that he has been driven back in a few days from Maceo's entrenchments, where the battle is raging.

The dispatch adds: Insurgent forces are well-located in the hills and are pouring a hot fire into the Spanish troops, who have repeatedly been driven back in attempts to capture the Cuban stronghold.

It is believed that the battle will continue for some time.

AN ULTIMATUM TO GEN. WEYLER.

SPAIN EXPECTS HIM TO WIN OUT OR QUIT.

THE PRESIDENT IS WAITING.

The Policy to Be Recommended to Congress Will Depend on Operations in the Field.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 15.—It is learned here on authority that the Spanish Government has given Gen. Weyler to understand that he must push his operations against the insurgents aggressively and vigorously. Unless he soon achieves a decisive victory over the Cubans, it is believed he will be recalled. Gen. Weyler, it is understood, is aware of the alternative and his present campaign in Pinar del Rio is expected to result in an engagement that will put a new aspect on the Cuban situation one way or another. The campaign, therefore, has become to him a personal matter, and with the knowledge that his prestige and rank are at stake, the Spaniards are being watched with interest for news of more important battles than the skirmish and guerrilla fights that thus far have come by way of them. Gen. Weyler has all the troops that he needs. There are 20,000 Spanish soldiers in Cuba, and the force under the Captain-General in his present operations in the field is over 10,000 men.

Maceo, against whom he is now operating, has under him, it is estimated, about 7,000 men. Spain, having fulfilled all of Gen. Weyler's wishes to troops, now expects results from him. Consul General Lee has acquainted the Administration with these facts, and the President is at present simply awaiting events and will shape his course by the developments.

It is the hope of Gen. Weyler that he will be able to score a decided victory before the assembling of Congress Dec. 1. Spain fears adverse action by that body soon after the session, and has urged Gen. Weyler to demonstrate his ability to crush the rebellion within the next two weeks if possible.

What action would follow a simply negative result of the campaign, that is, a fruitless chase after the insurgents by Gen. Weyler, is less clear. Probably the Administration's course would be influenced in some measure at least by what Congress would do. The instructions given by the new Captain-General in the event that Weyler were removed from office, therefore, it is felt here that the most important Cuban news of the day is the news that comes from Cuba and not from Washington.

In view of the fact that Spain is now making a strong and almost supreme effort to subdue her insurgent colonies and that the life of the nation is at stake, the President will delay writing that part of his forthcoming message on the Cuban situation until the last moment before the meeting of Congress.

The position the Administration will take with reference to Cuba in this message of the chief magistrate will be largely influenced by the news received before December 1. Should the news be favorable to the success of the Spanish campaign, it is probable that the President would continue to pursue his policy of intervention. On the other hand, if the news is unfavorable to the insurgent cause, and especially if it shows that Gen. Weyler were defeated, Mr. Cleveland, it is believed, would no longer hesitate to recommend the recognition of their rights as belligerents or some other action equally undesirable to Spain.

Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, Consul General to Cuba, called at the State Department today and was with Secretary Olney for half an hour. It is believed that the discussion of the situation in Cuba was the subject of the conversation. The Secretary of State is expected to see there to-day.

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THE BEARS HAVE THE UPPER HAND.

WHEAT DULL AND VERY LITTLE TRADING DONE. EUROPEAN DEMAND SMALLER.

There Were Some Fluctuations in Prices, but the General Tone Was Bearish.

The grain pit on "Change" was almost deserted Monday.

Wheat was dull and weaker with a very little trade, was done.

As on Saturday news was all bearish during the early part of the day.

Advices from India were bearish, showing that the demand for wheat was falling off in the European demand.

After dropping back to the opening point the market went as high as 85c, then there was a slump to 84c.

There was remarkable inactivity in the pit, and frequently five minutes elapsed between movements.

The market went as low as 83c, and then advanced to 84c, but dropped back to 83c.

Despite the falling market, holders were not breaking their necks to sell.

There was a very short time in the market, and the price advanced to 84c, and then advanced to 85c.

After a further advance to 86c for nearly a quarter of an hour, the market dropped a point at 10:15 to 85c.

For the first time during the morning there was some liquidation in the pit, and a good deal of liquidation on the part of the less confident holders.

The strong call demand sent the price up a point to 86c.

After the liquidation the market strengthened considerably, going to 86c and then to 87c, and closed at 86c, having lost 1c on the day.

Wheat by a Button-Box Machine.

Herman Henley of 1806 Olive street, who is employed at the factory of the Desnoyers Shoe Co., got his hand caught in a button box machine Monday morning.

He was thrown violently to the floor, sustaining a skull fracture. His hand was so badly crushed that it will probably have to be amputated.

THE MARKETS.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 18.—A London cable states that according to advice received from India, the demand for wheat during the past week, but a detailed examination shows that the demand was not so large as it was supposed to be.

The domestic market was all bearish, and the price of wheat was 85c, and the price of wheat was 85c, and the price of wheat was 85c.

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STOCKS OF GRAIN IN ST. LOUIS.

WHEAT.

Monday, Saturday, Year Ago.

Wheat	Monday	Saturday	Year Ago
Wheat	100.00	100.00	100.00
Wheat	100.00	100.00	100.00
Wheat	100.00	100.00	100.00

CORN.

Corn	Monday	Saturday	Year Ago
Corn	100.00	100.00	100.00
Corn	100.00	100.00	100.00
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OATS.

Oats	Monday	Saturday	Year Ago
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Oats	100.00	100.00	100.00
Oats	100.00	100.00	100.00

REGULAR CASH MARKET PRICES.

Wheat	Monday	Saturday	Year Ago
Wheat	100.00	100.00	100.00
Wheat	100.00	100.00	100.00
Wheat	100.00	100.00	100.00

CORN.

Corn	Monday	Saturday	Year Ago
Corn	100.00	100.00	100.00
Corn	100.00	100.00	100.00
Corn	100.00	100.00	100.00

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 18.

WHEAT.

Monday, Saturday, Year Ago.

Wheat	Monday	Saturday	Year Ago
Wheat	100.00	100.00	100.00
Wheat	100.00	100.00	100.00
Wheat	100.00	100.00	100.00

CORN.

Corn	Monday	Saturday	Year Ago
Corn	100.00	100.00	100.00
Corn	100.00	100.00	100.00
Corn	100.00	100.00	100.00

OATS.

Oats	Monday	Saturday	Year Ago
Oats	100.00	100.00	100.00
Oats	100.00	100.00	100.00
Oats	100.00	100.00	100.00

REGULAR CASH MARKET PRICES.

Wheat	Monday	Saturday	Year Ago
Wheat	100.00	100.00	100.00
Wheat	100.00	100.00	100.00
Wheat	100.00	100.00	100.00

CORN.

Corn	Monday	Saturday	Year Ago
Corn	100.00	100.00	100.00
Corn	100.00	100.00	100.00
Corn	100.00	100.00	100.00

OATS.

Oats	Monday	Saturday	Year Ago
Oats	100.00	100.00	100.00
Oats	100.00	100.00	100.00
Oats	100.00	100.00	100.00

REGULAR CASH MARKET PRICES.

Wheat	Monday	Saturday	Year Ago
Wheat	100.00	100.00	100.00
Wheat	100.00	100.00	100.00
Wheat	100.00	100.00	100.00

CORN.

Corn	Monday	Saturday	Year Ago
Corn	100.00	100.00	100.00
Corn	100.00	100.00	100.00
Corn	100.00	100.00	100.00

OATS.

Oats	Monday	Saturday	Year Ago
Oats	100.00	100.00	100.00
Oats	100.00	100.00	100.00
Oats	100.00	100.00	100.00

REGULAR CASH MARKET PRICES.

Wheat	Monday	Saturday	Year Ago
Wheat	100.00	100.00	100.00
Wheat	100.00	100.00	100.00
Wheat	100.00	100.00	100.00

CORN.

Corn	Monday	Saturday	Year Ago
Corn	100.00	100.00	100.00
Corn	100.00	100.00	100.00
Corn	100.00	100.00	100.00

OATS.

Oats	Monday	Saturday	Year Ago
Oats	100.00	100.00	100.00
Oats	100.00	100.00	100.00
Oats	100.00	100.00	100.00

REGULAR CASH MARKET PRICES.

Wheat	Monday	Saturday	Year Ago
Wheat	100.00	100.00	100.00
Wheat	100.00	100.00	100.00
Wheat	100.00	100.00	100.00

CORN.

Corn	Monday	Saturday	Year Ago
Corn	100.00	100.00	100.00
Corn	100.00	100.00	100.00
Corn	100.00	100.00	100.00

OATS.

Oats	Monday	Saturday	Year Ago
Oats	100.00	100.00	100.00
Oats	100.00	100.00	100.00
Oats	100.00	100.00	100.00

REGULAR CASH MARKET PRICES.

Wheat	Monday	Saturday	Year Ago
Wheat	100.00	100.00	100.00
Wheat	100.00	100.00	100.00
Wheat	100.00	100.00	100.00

CORN.

Corn	Monday	Saturday	Year Ago
Corn	100.00	100.00	100.00
Corn	100.00	100.00	100.00
Corn	100.00	100.00	100.00

OATS.

Oats	Monday	Saturday	Year Ago
Oats	100.00	100.00	100.00
Oats	100.00	100.00	100.00
Oats	100.00	100.00	100.00

REGULAR CASH MARKET

